Date: Wed, 2 Nov 94 17:29:56 PST

From: Info-Hams Mailing List and Newsgroup <info-hams@ucsd.edu>

Errors-To: Info-Hams-Errors@UCSD.Edu

Reply-To: Info-Hams@UCSD.Edu

Precedence: List

Subject: Info-Hams Digest V94 #1183

To: Info-Hams

Info-Hams Digest Wed, 2 Nov 94 Volume 94 : Issue 1183

Today's Topics:

Amateur Radio: Elmers List Quick-Search Index Converting Lat/Lon to Int. Locator Coordinates Newbie questions Popular 75 meter "Piss and Moan" Net t Warning - PDA Logic problems YAESU 900 and KENWOOD 50S

Send Replies or notes for publication to: <Info-Hams@UCSD.Edu> Send subscription requests to: <Info-Hams-REQUEST@UCSD.Edu> Problems you can't solve otherwise to brian@ucsd.edu.

Archives of past issues of the Info-Hams Digest are available (by FTP only) from UCSD. Edu in directory "mailarchives/info-hams".

We trust that readers are intelligent enough to realize that all text herein consists of personal comments and does not represent the official policies or positions of any party. Your mileage may vary. So there.

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Date: Tue, 1 Nov 1994 12:00:25 GMT

From: pschleck@gonix.com (Paul W Schleck KD3FU)

Subject: Amateur Radio: Elmers List Quick-Search Index

Posted-By: auto-faq 3.2.1.2

Archive-name: radio/ham-radio/elmers/index

Quick Search Index by Subject:

(Note: This index is not necessarily all-inclusive and some Elmers are

listed more than once.)

AMATEUR RADIO EMERGENCY SERVICE MAILING LISTS (ARES)/RADIO AMATEUR CIVIL EMERGENCY SERVICE (RACES)

Ackerman (TAPR Net-SIG) Bellville (First Contact Newsletter)

Botterell (Networks in Emergency Management Mailing List) Chilton (EMA Radio Officer) Engehausen (RACES Bulletins) Fyodorov (Russia)	Botterell (Networks in Emergency Mangement) Engehausen, et al (AA4RE Packet BBS) Dodell (Land-Mobile Radio,
Humphries (ex-Asst. EC)	MARS Members)
Magid	Ehrlich (Many, see full entry)
Stader (EMAS SEC)	Freeman, M (ACC Equipment)
Wilson	Knapp, et al (Iowa State Elmers)
	Knell (UK TCP/IP Networking Group)
AMATEUR TELEPRINTER OVER RADIO	Prescott (Antique and Older
(AMTOR)/PACKET TELEPRINTER OVER	Tube Equipment)
RADIO (PACTOR)/RADIO TELETYPE (RTTY)	
, ,	F6FBB Packet BBS)
Battles	Nerenberg (DX)
Doane	Schleck, et al (College Clubs)
Feeney (PACTOR)	Wier (Motorola HC11/HC16 and ICOM)
Freeman, J (AMTOR and PACTOR)	Williamson (Many, AMSAT-related)
Graham, P	,
Reynolds (ARQ and FEC modes)	MEDIA (PUBLICATION/WRITING/
Richards	BROADCATING)
Sayer (also decoding CHU's	•
ASCII time code)	Battles (QST)
·	Bellville (First Contact Newsletter)
AMERICA ON-LINE	Bloom (QEX)
	Coletti, et al (Newsline)
Stader (Host,	Lau (QST/QEX)
Ham Radio Club forum)	Lloyd (QRZ! Ham Radio CDROM)
	Moore (Co-Host, Ham Radio and More)
AMERICAN RADIO RELAY LEAGUE	
(ARRL)	MEDIUM FREQUENCY (MF, 160 meters)
Battles (QST Features Editor)	Freeman
Bloom (ARRL HQ Postmaster,	Harris
QEX Editor)	Zurn
Doane (CT SM)	
Elmore (CO TC)	MICROWAVE
Hare (Laboratory Manager)	
Jahnke (VEC Manager)	Graham, P (1.2 Ghz repeaters)
Lau (Technical Editor)	Hammill
Redding (Educational Advisor)	Jahnke (SSB/CW SHF Contesting)
Sefranek (EMAS TA)	Lau (Transverters up to
Stader (EMAS SEC)	24 Ghz)
Turner (Volunteer Counsel)	Sargent (3, 5, and 10 Ghz)
Wilson (SCV SM)	van Vliet (including Power
	Amplifiers, Low-Noise Amplifiers,
ANTENNAS	and Mixers)

Brewer (wire HF) Billson (HF)	MILITARY AFFILIATE RADIO SYSTEM (MARS)
Brubaker (HF)	
DePolo (including VHF/UHF)	Doane (Navy)
Elmore	Dodell (Air Force, Mailing List)
Freeman, J (wire HF and 160m)	Miller (Air Force)
Graham, J (wire HF for	Monson (Army)
apartments)	Sargent (Army)
Halbert (simple designs)	Schildt (Army MARS HQ Internet/
Harris	Milnet Contact and Registration
Hill (Mobile, including HF)	Service)
Humphries (VHF and multi-band	Taylor (Air Force)
wire arrays)	Welch, J (Navy/Marine Corps)
Kulyov (HF, especially 160 and	Welch, V (Navy/Marine Corps,
80m)	list of MARS members on the
Myers (and transmission	Internet, tentative BBS
lines)	conference)
Ornitz (including computer	contetence)
modelling)	MOBILE
Potter	MODILE
	Carryth (EM and UT's)
Reynolds	Carruth (FM and HT's) Hare (RFI issues)
Rymell	,
Salnick	Hill (including HF)
Salyzyn	Humphries
Sefranek	Keller (HF)
Silva	Salmon (Maritime)
Standerfer	Sargent
Stine (wire HF)	Salyzyn (HF CW)
Stockton	
Taylor	NATIONAL TRAFFIC SYSTEM (NTS)
Zurn (wire HF)	
	Doane
ANTIQUE AND OLDER EQUIPMENT	Elmore
	Salyzyn (Canada)
Brewer (40's-70's)	Sargent
Keys (including HF and CW)	Zurn (Europe)
Prescott (Mailing List)	
Moore, T (VHF)	NOVICE/TECH INSTRUCTION
Paperman (Manuals, Service	
Information, and Literature)	Bellville (First Contact Newsletter)
Standerfer	Billson
Turner (including Kenwood and	Bono (AutoExam/AutoCW)
Ten-Tec)	Carlson (Macintosh Hamstacks)
	Chilton
APPLE MACINTOSH COMPUTER	Knapp, et al
	Larson
Braun	Magid
Carlson (Macintosh Hamstacks)	Maia

Ehrlich (FTP archive) Stader (List of Macintosh Amateur Radio Software) Van Peursem (Savant)	Myers (including basic electronics and communications theory) Redding
BATTERIES	Reeves Salmon Stader
Hammill (Sealed Lead-Acid)	
Meyers	PACKET
Stuart (including Ni-Cads)	
BULLETIN-BOARD SYSTEMS (BBS'S)	Ackerman (including TCP/IP, TAPR, Net-SIG, and Kantronics D4-10 19.2kBaud Radio Modems)
Appell (including Alinco and	Angus (TCP/IP, NOS, UUPC,
Yaesu Product Info and Feedback)	Tnet, and SNEWS, SCO Xenix
Gathergood (CQ Centre)	TCP/IP and Sendmail, IP
	Coordinator for CA - LA
CALLSIGN DATA/NATIONAL TECHNICAL	County subnet)
INFORMATION SERVICE (NTIS)	Battles (AX.25 and TCP/IP)
	Bloom (IP Coordinator for
Carruth	Connecticut subnet)
Lloyd (including QRZ! Ham-Radio	Braun (TCP/IP, Macintosh, IP
CDROM)	Coordinator for WNY subnet)
	Cole (TCP/IP and NOS)
CIVIL AIR PATROL (CAP)	Dodell (IP Coordinator for
	Arizona subnet)
Carlson	Elmore (including TCP/IP)
Moore, J	Engehausen, et al (AA4RE Packet
	BBS and Mailing List)
COLLEGE CLUBS	<pre>Freeman, J (KAM, TCP/IP, NOS for   DOS and OS/2)</pre>
Edwards	Fyodorov (AX.25 and TCP/IP in
Knapp, et al	Russia)
Schallehn	Graham, J (KAMterm)
Schleck (et al, Mailing List)	Graham, P (VHF)
	Knapp, et al
COMMERCIAL EQUIPMENT	<pre>Knell (UK TCP/IP Networking Group   Mailing List)</pre>
Dodell (Mailing List)	Meredith (AZ Packet Coordinator,
Richards	PBBS Bulletin Forwarding Mailing
Wier (ICOM Mailing List)	List, F6FBB Packet BBS Mailing List)
CW (MORSE CODE)	Nielsen (TAPR)
	Reynolds (including TCP/IP over HF)
Bono (AutoCW)	Salyzyn (Canadian)
Elmore	Sargent
Fyodorov (including Cyrillic)	Sayer (VHF)
Keys (including CWIST HF CW Net)	Schallehn (Kantronics)

Kulyov Rosenfeld Salyzyn Silva Squicciarini Stine Stockton Tescher (Computer Programs) Zurn (including European abbreviations)	Stader (TCP/IP and Macintosh) Vail (TCP/IP, TAPR/9600, IP Coordinator for East/Central Massachusetts subnet) Van Peursem (Savant and Macintosh)  PART-15 BROADCASTING Ornitz
DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING (DSP)	POWER SUPPLIES
Bloom Edwards van Vliet (Filters, including Integrated, Distributed, Lumped, and Active)	Myers Sefranek Stuart PRODUCT INFO/FEEDBACK
EQUIPMENT TESTING/TROUBLESHOOTING  Billson Brewer (Tube Gear) Freeman, J (PC ISA Bus) Hare (ARRL Laboratory Manager) Myers	Appell (Alinco and Yaesu) Freeman, M and Shirley (Advanced Computer Controls - ACC) Paperman (Manuals, Service Information, and Literature) Wier (ICOM)
Ornitz (Instrumentation) Paperman (Manuals, Service Information, and Literature) Rymell (Electronics and Computer Service Work) Salnick Salyzyn Sefranek (including Power Supplies and Amplifiers) Standerfer Stockton Taylor Tescher Witte (Instrumentation)	QRP (LOW POWER)  Billson Halbert (HF) Harris Sargent (VHF) Stockton Turner (including Ten-Tec Argonaut) Ehrlich, et al (Mailing List) Zurn  RADIO FREQUENCY INTERFERENCE (RFI)  Elmore
FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS (FAQ's)	Graham, P (including PC's)
Bloom (ARRL E-mail and Info Server) Bowen (Supplemental FTP Archives, Internet Callbook Server) Cheeseman (Australia) Dodell (rec.radio.info Newsgroup)	Hare (including Automotive, Telephone, and Cable Television) Myers Stockton Witte

Ehrlich (World-Wide Web) Hill (Antennas)	RECIPROCAL LICENSING/FOREIGN OPERATION
Holmstead (Satellites/Space)	Andrews (New Zealand)
Jahnke (VE Exams Scheduled)	Flaherty (South Pacific)
Kluft (General)	Fyodorov (Russia)
Salyzyn (Radio Amateurs on Usenet)	Levine (Australia and Japan)
Stader (Macintosh Amateur Radio	Salmon
Software)	Salyzyn (Canada)
Turvey (United Kingdom)	Stockton (UK)
Woods (Mail Order Electronics)	Zurn (Italy and Germany)
Yee (Online Repeater Directory)	
	REPEATERS
HANDICAPPED OPERATING	
	Battles
Billson	Chilton
Doane	De Armond
Knapp, et al	DePolo (VHF/UHF)
	Graham, P (including 1.2 Ghz)
HIGH FREQUENCY (HF)/	Keller (220 Mhz)
CONTESTING/DX	Knapp, et al
	Schallehn (VHF/UHF)
Battles	Witte
Brubaker	
Chilton	SATELLITES
Elmore	0/11222120
Fyodorov	Bass (including low-cost, QRP
Hill (Mobile)	Microsat stations)
Knapp, et al	Feeney
Kulyov	Flaherty (including OSCAR)
Nerenberg (DX Mailing List)	Williamson (InstantTrack, OrbitDRV,
	AMSAT Services)
Rosenfeld (including practical	AMSAT Services)
QSLing tips)	CEMTNADO /L FOTUDEO
Salmon (including DXpeditions)	SEMINARS/LECTURES
Salnick	
Silva	Humphries
Squicciarini	Redding
Tidd (DXCC Databases)	Stuart (Batteries and Power
Zurn	Supplies)
HOMEDDELITING /DO. TT. VOLIDOELE	TANDY OOLOD COMPUTED AND OOLO
HOMEBREWING/DO-IT-YOURSELF	TANDY COLOR COMPUTER AND OS-9
Dillon ((200 uP)	Dillon
Billson (6809 uP)	Billson
Bloom (including DSP)	TELEVICION FACT CCAN (ATV)
Carruth (Digital Design,	TELEVISION, FAST-SCAN (ATV)
Software)	Chilton
Chilton	Chilton
De Armond	Feeney
DePolo (including VHF/UHF	Hammill

design and construction)	
Edwards (including DSP)	TELEVISION, SLOW-SCAN (SSTV)
Fyodorov (including computers)	
Halbert (QRP)	Langner
Harris	
Keys (Junk Box projects, National	UNIX
Electrical Code for Hams)	
Kohnen (Tubes)	Angus (including SCO Xenix
Kulyov	TCP/IP and Sendmail)
Lau (Transverters, VHF/UHF,	Carruth (System Administration)
Filters, repeatable projects)	Cole (including Linux)
Myers (Transmission Lines,	Ehrlich
Analog and Digital Design)	Freeman, J
Moore, T (Junk Box projects)	Moore, C (including X-Windows)
Rymell (Electronics and Computers,	
	Sayer (especially SunOS) Tescher
Low-Cost projects)	
Salyzyn	Van Peursem (HP-UX and System
Sayer (Class-C Bipolar Amplifiers	Administration)
and Phased-Lock-Loop Circuits)	VEDV HIGH EDGOLENOV (VHE) /
Silva (Analog, Digital, Tubes,	VERY HIGH FREQUENCY (VHF)/
Semiconductors, RF, Finding	ULTRA HIGH FREQUENCY (UHF)
Parts)	D. 117
Stine (Tube Amplifiers,	Battles
Receivers, and Exciters)	Carpenter (6 meters)
Stockton (including QRP)	DePolo (Weak Signal, Contesting,
Stuart (Batteries and Power	and Repeaters)
Supplies)	Flaherty (including Amplifiers and
Taylor (Tubes and Amplifiers)	Mailing List)
Tescher	Graham, P (Commercial Rig
van Vliet (including Power	Conversions)
Amplifiers, Low-Noise Amplifiers	=
and Mixers for Microwave)	Humphries (2m FM)
	Jahnke (CW/SSB Contesting and
IBM PERSONAL COMPUTER (PC) AND	Weak Signal)
CLONES	Lau (CW/SSB to 222 Mhz)
	Moore, T
Angus	Reynolds
Bono (AutoExam, et al)	Richards (Monitoring)
Braun	Sargent (2 and 6 meter AM and
Cole	Contesting)
Ehrlich	Silva
Freeman, J (including OS/2 and ISA bus)	Witte (including Portable and Mountaintopping)
Fyodorov	
Keller	VOLUNTEER EXAMINER (VE) PROGRAM
Tescher	
	Billson
INTERNET SERVICES	Carlson (W5YI)

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DePolo
  Ehrlich
                                         Ehrlich, et al (ARRL VEC Mailing
  Schleck
                                         Jahnke (ARRL VEC Manager)
MAIL-SERVERS/ARCHIVES
                                         Kohnen (W5YI)
                                         Maia (W5YI VEC)
  Bloom (ARRL Info Server)
                                         Reeves
  Bowen (rec.radio.amateur.*
                                         Salmon (Sunnyvale)
                                         Sefranek (ARRL and W5YI)
    Supplemental Archives)
  Deignan (Buckmaster CDROM)
                                         Sternitzke (W5YI Asst. VEC)
  Ehrlich (Boston ARC FTP archive
    and WWW Page)
  Harding (Ham Server)
  Nielsen (TAPR)
  Shirley (ACC Equipment)
73, Paul W. Schleck, KD3FU
pschleck@gonix.com (personal mail)
elmers-request@gonix.com (Elmers List administrivia)
Date: Sat, 29 Oct 1994 19:23:08 +0000
From: John@kirsta.demon.co.uk (John Morris)
Subject: Converting Lat/Lon to Int. Locator Coordinates
In article <frederick.mckenzie-1-2710941626220001@k4dii.ksc.nasa.gov>
           frederick.mckenzie-1@kmail.ksc.nasa.gov "Fred McKenzie" writes:
> In article <38ogvg$91s@Kontron.De>, tom@kontron.de (Thomas de Lellis) wrote:
> > Does anyone out there have an algorithm for converting latitude-longitude
> > coordinates to international locator coordinates?
> > Also, I seem to remember seeing somewhere that there is more than one
> > locator scheme (i.e. ARRL vs. what is used in Europe, etc.) What
> > are the differences?
> Thomas-
> The locator scheme I'm familiar with, is called "Maidenhead". It was
> named for a conference held in Maidenhead, England, where agreement was
> reached for a standard scheme. I believe most hams worldwide, are
> refering to the Maidenhead scheme, when they talk about "Grid Squares".
Essentially correct. In Europe we tend to call the four character
references "locator squares", or just "squares". During contest and dx
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(and not so dx) working six character references are exchanged. However, it is all the same system, world-wide.

I have a filing drawer full of info and a disk full of programs to do things with locators; dating back to when I invented the system in 1979 or 80.

I have a couple of short Basic (well, QBASIC) subroutines which I use in my quick and dirty programs for conversion between locators and latlong. I'll post them if there's any demand. It really is very simple - that being one of my design goals at the time. I may be able to dig out my orginal ASCII description of the system, if anyone is interested.

There was a system ("QRA") which predated "Maidenhead", but which was used only in Europe and the nearby edges of Africa and Asia. It is rarely heard now.

- -

John Morris
John@kirsta.demon.co.uk
GM4ANB@GB7EDN.#77.GBR.EU

Ada Lovelace set a major precedent we follow to this day: she worked on a project that was over budget, late, and didn't do what it was supposed to do.

- Michael D Shapiro

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Date: 2 Nov 1994 03:11:43 GMT

From: greenla@umich.edu (Lee Green MD MPH)

Subject: Newbie questions

In article <CyEs1q.DBq@seas.ucla.edu>, gbrewer@neon.icsl.ucla.edu (Gregory
A. Brewer) wrote:

- > I am a Newbie to everything. I have a friend who got me interested
- > in amateur radio. I have studied the questions for technician and
- > novice. I am now just starting to work on my code so that is
- > why I have several questions that hopefully somebody can
- > help me with....

Welcome to a great hobby!

- > 1) I need to find out when/where are the tests given for > novice/tech in the L.A. preferably the Hollywood area.
- Well, from the frozen north here (Michigan), can't help there. 6-landers?
- > 2) Where can I get the code practice software? My friend has
- > it but only for the mac.

Simple solution: get a Mac. This is written from a PowerMac 7100, which snacks on Pentiums. (Donning asbestos suit, awaiting flames from DOS-weenies ;-)

> 3) What's W1AW? .... I realize it is a call sign but for what?

For the ARRL's station in Connecticut. They broadcast code practice sessions, among other things. I recommend that over the computer method, personally. The real live on-air article is better practice. The computer program will get you past the test, but the real world...

> 4) What is an electronic keyer with side paddles?

Hard to explain, easy to grasp once you see one. Bearing in mind I'm a straight-key retro-grouch on CW despite my use of PacTOR and spread-spectrum microwave: it's a gizmo with a pair of keys oriented flats-vertical rather than horizontal like a straight key, and when you hit one it does a dit and the other does a dah. The fast CW ops all use them, or send by computer. You'll also hear it called an iambic keyer. A "bug" is semi-automatic: one side does dits, the other is on for as long as you hold it, rather than an automatic dah as in a full keyer. You work a keyer with your thumb on one side and index finger on the other, using the side of your first knuckle on the finger not the tip.

> Please help a poor and unfortunate student get his call sign and > that way he can add more stuff to his .sig = $8^{\circ}$ )

Hope your sig doesn't end up as wordy as mine... 73 and hope to catch you on the air. -Lee KF8MO, "digital modes only"

Lee Green MD MPH Family Practice greenla@umich.edu

Disclaimer: Information for general interest and discussion only. I can't examine you via University of Michigan the Internet, so you should ALWAYS consult your personal physician. These posts are my personal doings, not a service of nor the responsibility of the University of Michigan.

Date: Tue, 1 Nov 1994 15:24:33 GMT From: dpt@ri.cadre.com (Dan P. Trainor)

Subject: Popular 75 meter "Piss and Moan" Net t

Ah Yes... Sit back with a bottle of the "red stuufff" and listen to the Piss and Moan Net! Pissing and Moaning, Moaning and Pissing... I just don't know...Brurrrr...

Nothing better on a Sunday night.

I just happen to catch the net on last Sunday and I was in stitches! What a great crew. Especially WA1HLR and ofcouse the very funny W1JS.

Dan KB1JX in RI

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Date: Wed, 2 Nov 1994 14:03:31 GMT

From: bsplaine@dogxray.sr.hp.com (Bill Splaine)

Subject: Warning - PDA Logic problems

Hi Michael, I can't resolve your irritation, but, if as you state, you are out big bucks and an entire log book etc, I don't understand why the two or three dollars it might cost to take care of the problem is not worth it. I have made a few calls to Dennis in the past and found him to be VERY helpful. In fact I found a problem with my Logic4Windows after calling him, he sent me two new floppies with the fix. That is what I call service. If you have a problem you can fax him and he replies at his cost via fax or phone. I don't believe he is trying to screw anyone. Having tried many different types of logging software, I have to say this is the best by far (for my purposes which is general logging/mostly dxing/some contesting.

You might switch due to your problem/irritation, but you won't find a better software or support......73 de Bill

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Date: Sat, 29 Oct 1994 22:55:38 -0200

From: kham@@network.ucsd.edu

Subject: YAESU 900 and KENWOOD 50S

In article <2EAE2F12@smtp>, pve@dg13.cec.BE (VEKINIS Peter) wrote:

- > I bought a TS50S about a year ago, and it has become my favorite radio. As a
- > real mobile fan, I installed it in the car and use it every day on a net on
- > 20m. It's a great little radio. With the MFJ 949D mobile tuner (an extra
- > \$89) it works on most bands with the 20m Hustler whip. I bought it for \$990
- > plus the \$89 for the tuner. A great combination.

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>
> Then the 900 was advertized. As someone who likes bying newly released
> radios for mobile/portable operation, I bought it from HRO as well (it cost
> $1230). I also bought the mobile mount and the remote kit (the cable to
> extend the placement of the front panel).
> Well as soon as I connected it, it didnt work. I reset it and got pretty
> upset about it (I had bought a 747 about 1.5 years ago, and the wide AM
> filter was broken - so much about my Yaesu experience), but it still didnt
> work. It didnt turn on. Then my friend Dan, KA7AGN/DA1DW switched the
> battery switch off, reset it and voila! It worked. This leads me to believe:
> 1/static is a problem for the 900, and 2/Information that may help the user
> was not in the manual; it should have been.
> So if you buy a 900, remember that if it doesnt turn-on, it may be a reset
> static problem. Underneath the unit there is a Battery switch, push it to
> off, reset the radio, and put the battery switch back to on. It should work.
> Peter, KC10F
> pve@dg13.cec.be
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I am curious to know how you compare the two now that they both work? Am considering a 900 or TH 450 or IC 728, ect. Thanks, Dave KA7HDN/AE

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Date: Tue, 1 Nov 1994 14:07:12 GMT From: zlau@arrl.org (Zack Lau (KH6CP))

References<19940ct30.215855.18635@ke4zv.atl.ga.us> <19940ct31.171248.12410@arrl.org>, <19940ct31.201515.1087@ke4zv.atl.ga.us> Subject: Re: Subject: W1AW steps on others?

Gary Coffman KE4ZV (gary@ke4zv.atl.ga.us) wrote:

: That's absolutely right, and I do listen on the uplink before transmitting.
: Several times I've heard simplex FM QSOs going on. I've politely broken
: the QSO and asked them to respect the satellite subband. A couple of them
: have told me to get stuffed, so I just QSY down the passband a bit and
: go about my business. I do \*not\* have the right to transmit over an
: on going QSO, and neither does W1AW.

Thanks for the info. I've always wondered whether QST should reject articles that advocate "transmit only" satellite capability on certain bands. I'm sure I'll see more of these if we get another satellite with a 1269 MHz uplink.

- -

Zack Lau KH6CP/1 2 way QRP WAS

8 States on 10 GHz

Internet: zlau@arrl.org 10 grids on 2304 MHz

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Date: Wed, 2 Nov 1994 21:14:20 GMT

From: phb@syseng1.melpar.esys.com (Paul H. Bock)

References<5c.27673.23@pplace.com> <Cy5I2y.FF8@news.Hawaii.Edu>,

<397eb5\$1i7@canada.unbc.edu>

Subject: Re: Real Hams

lyndon@canada.unbc.edu (Lyndon Nerenberg) writes:

>jeffrey@kahuna.tmc.edu (Jeffrey Herman) writes:

>>Rather, you should study the history of amateur radio; without >>the ARRL lobbying for us over the last 70 or so years we wouldn't >>exist today. Surely if you have any interest in this hobby you >>wouldn't mind reading a bit about our history, no?

>What, specifically, did the ARRL do to ensure the continued existence >of Amateur Radio in Spain? Sweden? or Canada for that matter?

>Don't confuse your \*opinions\* with actual history.

By becoming an effective lobbying agency for amateur radio in the United States and developing a good rapport with the necessary U.S. Government agencies (initially the Commerce Dept., then the Federal Radio Commission, then the FCC), and by organizing an effective system of trunk lines for message handling nationwide as well as publicizing and encouraging amateur assistance to public agencies and the public at large during natural disasters and emergencies, ARRL succeeded in creating an "image" of amateur radio in the minds of U.S. Government officials as "a good thing." This was particularly true during WWI when ARRL assisted in actually recruiting radio operators for the war effort. As a result, every U.S. delegation to every international conference on radio spectrum use went in predisposed to protect the right of amateurs to exist; in fact, prominent amateurs were always invited to participate as part of the U.S. delegation.

For better or for worse, it is during this century that the

U.S. has risen to a position of relative preeminence in world politics, although perhaps this is becoming less true today. As a result, the U.S. has been in a position to "swing a certain amount of weight" at international conferences, and thus to propose and ultimately have accepted certain positions, including the protection of amateur radio frequency allocations. Thus, other ntions have "gone along" with \*some\* U.S. proposals (but not without a \*lot\* of "back-room politicking). However, I hasten to point out that securing the survival of ham radio has not been without considerable struggle in some countries by their own amateur populations; in fact, there re still many countries which do not \*really\* enjoy the "freedom" of all citizens to participate in this activity.

So, I think the point is not that the U.S. or the ARRL ever \*actively\* lobbied in someone else's country to "protect" or "encourage" amateur radio, other than by providing moral support for groups in those respective countries trying to do that; but rather that had the ARRL or a like organization not existed in the U.S., there would have been no particularly strong support \*in the U.S. Government\* for the position of the amateur, and the U.S. delegations to the conferences would not have deemed it of value to lobby (often against considerable odds) for amateur radio at all. I happen to hold the view (shared by many) that without a strong U.S. lobby at those early conferences, amateur radio might have gone out of existence as early as the early '20s.

Incidentally, the book "200 Meters and Down" by Clinton B. DeSoto, describes in quite detailed fashion the behind-the-scenes lobbying that went on at the international conferences, and early on it was basically the U.S., Canada, and some of the British Empire countries which stood against most of the rest of the world in trying to secure and protect frequency allocations for amateurs.

73,

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"You can have my bug when you can pry my cold, dead fingers from around it...." - anonymous radiotelegraph operator

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